The FY 2017 JSD Budget

July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017

Program Budget

Designed to Fund Expenses Related to:

Meeting Needs of Known Student Population (one known possibility of an outside placement)

Projected Enrollment

IEPs, 504s, ELLs, Military Children

- Achieving Strategic Goals set by the new District Strategic Plan
 - "0" Based Budgeting start from "0"
 - Developed using RIDE's Chart of Accounts
- Writing new standards based curriculum, Implementation of standards-based curriculum, and providing teachers materials with which to deliver it.
 - Professional Development
- Contract Negotiations with Jamestown Educational Support Personnel Association

Zero Based Budgeting

period. Zero Based Budgeting: a method of budgeting in which all expenses must be justified for each new

- Continual Improvement = Continual Change
- Continual Change = Need for Budget Fluidity
- Fluidity = As needs change so may \$ allocations for:
- Staffing
- Programs
- Instructional Materials and Technology

Factors Contributing to Our Need for Budget Fluidity

- Fluidity of the student population constantly shifting throughout the year
- Issues related to enrollment, grade levels and specific needs of new students impacting the budget
 - Special Education Services
 - K-8 vs. High School Students
 - Requirements under ADA Section 504
 - English Language Learner (ELL) requirements
 - Military Students
 - Out of District Students
 - Charter Schools
 - Career & Technical Schools (MET)

Comprehensive Education Reform = Continual Changes Require New Learning by Administrators and Teachers

- → Educator Evaluation using RIDE's RI Model
- → Increasing requirements for data collection, analysis and reporting
- → RI's Adoption of Common Core State Standards/New Generation Science Standards
 - → Development and Effective Teaching of "Guaranteed and Viable" Curricula
 - → Multiple new uses of technology by Administrators and Teachers
 - → Required Technology for students to take new online PARCC Assessment
 - → PARCC will replace NECAP this spring
 - → Assess students' mastery of the new Math and ELA CCSS

Major Cost Factors

- Contractual obligations (contract negotiations with JESPA), salaries, benefits
- State and federal mandates & regulations
- Tuitions (NK, Narragansett, Charter Schools and Out of District)
- Transportation
- Plant Operations
- Capital Budget

Special Services Budget Factors

- Compliance with Federal and RI regulations governing education of children with disabilities;
- IEP requirements for individual students possible impacts on staffing and programs;
- Salaries and benefits for required special services staff;
- training and coaching for staff; and Need to develop close achievement gaps using curriculum and assessments aligned to CCSS-
- Out-of-district tuitions and transportation for known students

Unknowns

- Levels of funding for federal and state aid? Will the RI state budget fund the formula as it now exists?
- Actual increase in health insurance premiums
- State Out of District Transportation System costs (% of cost for each bus charged to JSD is not determined by RIDE until mid-late August.)
- Tuition #s and rates (Out of District Special Education, Charter and CTC tuitions)
- Potential of Out of District placement
- Needs of Incoming Students

JSD Operating Budget History

FY 2012

FY 2013

FY 2014

FY 2015

FY 2016

\$11,822,753

\$11,923,787

\$11,638,648

\$11,583,891

\$11,652,671

FY15 to FY16 1 \$68,780 1.59%

5 Year Change